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THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XXIII.

ATLANTA, GA., FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 26, 1892.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

SILVER DISCUSSED.

Mr. Harter's Plan of Obstruction Falls to
Materialize.

BECOMES A CONFERENCE, NOT A CAUCUS

The Silver Men Will Push the Free
Coinage Bill.

SENATOR HILL IS WARMLY GREETED,

And May Possibly Visit Savannah on the
17th of March as a St. Patrick's
Day Orator.

WASHINGTON, February 23.—[Special.]—
The democratic caucus tonight on the silver
question, like all other democratic caucuses,
reached no conclusion.

The members simply met, delivered them-
selves of speeches and adjourned.

There were about one hundred and fifty
present. Of these, nearly one hundred favored
early action upon the free coinage bill.
The others favored shelving the bill until after
the presidential election.

The latter were composed almost exclusively
of northern and eastern men, who are
afraid of the issue.

A score or more spoke, giving their reasons
for favoring immediate action or for postpone-
ment.

The Nature of the Call.

The resolutions, having been revised since
the call, were circulated by Representative
Harter of Ohio. They read:

Resolved, That we are in favor of the continued
use of both gold and silver as money, and that we
are in favor of the coinage of silver, and that we
will drive either metal out of general circulation.

Resolved, That in justice to the demo-
cratic party, and with due consideration
for the general business, industrial and
financial interests of the nation, we deem it the
duty of the democratic members of the fifty-second
congress to effect a definite and
subject of free coinage until the question of its
wisdom and justice is distinctly made in the elec-
tions of 1892.

Mr. Call contended:

We ask you further to invite the democratic
members of the senate to this conference.

The Result of the Caucus.

The result of the caucus will be a contest in
the open house. The free coinage bill shall pass.
They are in the majority, and will rule. The
goldbugs will resort to filibustering, but that
will do no good. The committee on rules will
soon report an order a date for the con-
sideration of the bill.

It might be within ten days, or it might be
postponed until the first week in April, but the
time for consideration will be fixed at once,
and when that is done, no amount of dilatory
proceeding can prevent a vote upon the bill.

Senator Hill in Washington.

Senator David B. Hill returned from New
York this morning. When he reached the
senate, shortly before noon, he was given a
genuine ovation by his democratic colleagues.
They crowded around him in great numbers to
tender congratulations over his magnificent
victory in New York. Senator Hill wore his
usual pleasant smile, and received the
congratulations of his colleagues with words of appreciation of the
interest they seemed to take in his
ambitions. When asked if he had anything
to say about the action of the New York con-
vention he replied with a smile: "There is
nothing for me to say, except that I appreciate
the honest conference upon which the convention
all that is to be said for the present."

Senator Hill will remain in Washington for
the present, though within a few weeks he
may take a short trip down to Savannah for a
few days. Indeed, it is probable he will accept
an invitation to deliver an address there on
St. Patrick's day.

Senator Colquitt's Return.

Senator Colquitt returned from Georgia this
morning.

"I found," said he, "that the sentiment
for the nomination of Senator Hill by the
democratic party is rapidly increasing in
Georgia. One people look upon him as the
man we can elect, and a man who would give
the country a magnificent administration.
The people of Georgia want first a good man,
secondly, a man we can elect. I feel quite
confident that Georgia will go to the con-
vention to act with the doubtful states, by nomi-
nating a man who can be elected. Yes, Senator
Hill is very strong in Georgia." E. W. B.

THE CLERK'S MISTAKE

Caused Considerable Amusement in the
House Yesterday.

WASHINGTON, February 25.—Despite the
inclination of Senator Crisp, he was at
his post of duty this morning in better voice than
he has been for some time.

Mr. Pickler, of South Dakota, asked consent for
the consideration of the resolution directing the
committee on printing to report a resolution for
printing 300,000 copies of the work upon the
disuse of the horse.

Mr. Brown, of Indiana, called up the first con-
tested election in the country, the case of George
Craig against Stewart, from the twenty-fourth
district of Pennsylvania. The majority of the
contested votes of the defendant (Craig) and
the minority held that his sitting member is
entitled to retain his seat.

Mr. Brown proceeded to discuss the case, calling
the names of the contestants of Indiana, politics
and the famous "bombs-of-five" letter, the intentions
of which he declared to be to corrupt the
people and defraud the ballot box. He also criti-
cized the action of Judge William A. Woods, of
Indiana.

Mr. E. B. Taylor, of Indiana, raised the point of
order that Mr. Pickler was not speaking on the
subject when he interrupted him.

Mr. Hatch (in the chair) overruled the point and
the question was referred to the committee on
contested cases.

After further discussion by Messrs. Parmenter, of
Kentucky, Powers, of Vermont, and Cobb, of
Georgia, and Johnson, of Indiana, Stone, of Pennsyl-
vania, and Waugh, of Indiana, in favor of the
contested, the house without action adjourned.

CONTESTED CASES

Occupied the Time of the Senate Yester-
day—Reciprocity Agreements.

WASHINGTON, February 25.—The resolution of-
fered in the senate yesterday by Mr. Stewart, giving
Claggett's time for speaking to two hours
and a half, was agreed to.

The resolution, as amended, was agreed to
years, 48; nays, 1.

Mr. Hale's resolution of January 19th, calling
on the treasury of the treasury for copies of recipro-
city agreements under the last tariff act, was

then taken up, and Mr. Vest moved the following
amendment:

"That the secretary of state also inform the
Senate whether any steps have been taken by our
authorities to negotiate a reciprocity commercial
treaty with Mexico, and, if so, what has been
done to that end."

Mr. Vest's amendment, but with an inti-
mation that several other senators wished to take
part in the discussion—notably Messrs. Allison
and Vorhees.

The Idaho election case was then taken up, and
Mr. Stewart argued in support of Mr. Chapman's
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CALLED TO TIME.

Father Gaston Called Upon to Explain Certain Features of His Scheme.

HE EXHORTS AND PLEADS FOR TIME

And Confidence—Scenes at Yesterday's Meeting—The Constitution's Story Creates a Sensation.

There was whooping and howling and gnashing of teeth among the followers of Gaston, the African emigration leader, yesterday. In vain did the smooth-tongued Moses of the African-struck negroes attempt to pour oil upon the troubled waters. Fierce and wild did the mad waves of dissatisfaction beat and shatter his efforts.

For nearly twelve months Gaston has been collecting money from about two thousand negroes in and around Atlanta in steady installments, but up to date the only thing that he has secured therefor has been his promise to take them to Africa. He has postponed the date of sailing, first on one pretext and then another, until his followers, at least a majority of them, have about lost confidence in him. Some time ago, according to the reports from within the ranks, he set the sailing date for the middle of February and left for New York to contract for the ship. He returned and said that he had secured a much larger ship than he originally intended to get, and that he would have to raise an additional \$5,000 to pay for it, and proceeded to take up a collection, receiving several hundred dollars, although the money was not turned loose as freely as before.

There had been some effort at an investigation before he made his last visit to find out where he kept the money he had on hand, as he had never divulged the secret, even to his most intimate followers. He got around, however, when asked about it on his return, by saying:

"Why that's all right about your money. See, just to satisfy you I have brought back a white man from New York to watch me and see that everything is all right."

This has been the old story over and over again, and a few days ago THE CONSTITUTION, after feeling the pulse of some of the few communicative members of the emigration society, stated that the climax was near at hand. Yesterday's proceedings verified the prediction.

Down to Business.

In addition to the dissatisfaction arising from the failure of the story to materialize, strenuous African emigration in New York, started the ball to rolling, and by 9 o'clock yesterday morning it had collected nearly all the members of Gaston's flock.

They read and pondered over the significant story with deep interest, and after putting this and that together decided to call on Gaston in a body and have satisfaction in some form or another.

They Came Together.

When they had advised Gaston of their decision, they were invited to Schell's hall to listen to his exhortations.

There were fully two thousand five hundred negroes in and around the hall by 11 o'clock. They were surging, shouting, whooping, yelling, praying and singing in all the keys known, while in a voice way up in high "G" Gaston was pleading for time and confidence.

Help Turned to Lecture.

Bishop Turner is to give a lecture on "Darkest Africa," at Big Bethel church, on Tuesday night. Bishop Turner's writings and sermons have had much to do with stirring up the interest in the colonization of Liberia.

forced his way into the crowd with a copy of THE CONSTITUTION in his hand with his thumb resting on the story of the stranded emigrants in New York. With more determination than pleasure portrayed on the ebony background of his face, he shouted at Gaston:



GEORGIA FARMERS.

They Are Going in for Home Supplies This Year.

MAKING THEIR OWN FERTILIZERS.

Great Progress Made in the Preparation of Land—Full Barns and Smokehouses Ahead.

DALTON, Ga., February 25.—[Special.]—The planters of this section have gone to work with more energy this year than any other time since the war, and a great harvest is expected. Full barns and smokehouses will make them feel independent, and will keep them from being depressed in spirit and always having an eye skinned looking for a levying officer.

WHY Plant Less Cotton.

SANDERSVILLE, Ga., February 25.—[Special.]—It is said that the farmers of this section are more advanced in the preparation of their lands for the planting of crops the coming spring than they have been this early in the year for many years past. It is also said that most of them will considerably reduce the acreage of cotton.

Oliver Springs, Ga., February 25.—[Special.]—The farmers are preparing and making the largest portions of their fertilizers at home. They intend to decline the use of commercial fertilizers as much as can be done conveniently; the most economical move that has yet been resorted to by the farmer.

Farmers Are cheerful.

FARMERS ARE GOING IN FOR HOME SUPPLIES.

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Oliver Springs, Ga., February 25.—[Special.]—The farmers are preparing and making the largest portions of their fertilizers at home. They intend to decline the use of commercial fertilizers as much as can be done conveniently; the most economical move that has yet been resorted to by the farmer.

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AT THE CAPITOL.

Mrs. Felton to Speak at the Statehouse
Tonight.

EVERYBODY SHOULD HEAR HER.

The Georgia, Carolina and Northern Case
Likely to Bring Out a Big Railroad
Question in Georgia.

The people of Atlanta—and especially the
women—will not forget Mrs. Felton's speech
at the hall of the house of representatives to
night.

This meeting which is to be held is under
the auspices of the state committee from
Georgia to secure an exhibition from the state
for the great Columbian exposition.

Mrs. Felton and others will speak on the
importance and necessity of setting forth the
wonderful resources of Georgia at the world's
fair.

Colonel A. J. West's Fulton county com-
mittee will meet at 7 o'clock sharp in the gov-
ernor's reception room to transact some im-
portant business. Mrs. Felton will be intro-
duced to the committee and will make a short
talk, after which the committee will go in a
body to the hall of representatives.

Let everybody at all interested in this great
undertaking go out tonight to hear Mrs.
Felton.

Railroad Charters.

That railroad case between the Georgia,
Carolina and Northern and the Georgia rail-
road, however it may be decided by the su-
prem court of Georgia, is very apt to get a
good many other railroads into a sea of trouble.

The Georgia, Carolina and Northern makes

but by the attitude of the supreme court on
the question of the validity of the Georgia,
Carolina and Northern's charter.

A pretty big question there arises.

The Georgia, Carolina and Northern has obtained its
charter not in strict conformity of the law.

The charter was granted by a special act of

the legislature, and the claim is made that it

should have been granted by the secretary of

state, and that the charter is unconstitutional.

A costly big question is also arising for the negro

that was stolen.

Now if the supreme court holds to this point

there are a great many railroad charters in
Georgia that will suddenly become as worthless

as the paper they are written on, for there are

dozens of charters that have been granted by

the legislature as special acts since the

general law was passed.

Many railroad companies, indeed, fearing the con-
stitutionality of the general law requiring charters

to be granted by the secretary, have gone be-
fore the legislature with their charters and

asked for an endorsement, or re-chartering

by that body.

On the contrary, if the decision of the

supreme court be to the effect that the general

law is unconstitutional, then there will be a
great many charters granted by the secretary

of state that will have to go up in smoke, so to
speak.

So the question is a shaky one, any way it is

taken:

It was claimed by one of the lawyers in the

trial that the supreme court need not decide

the question in another case, but it's hard to

see to think different when the chief of

justice asked the lawyer to confine himself

solely to that very point, the validity of the

Georgia, Carolina and Northern's charter.

The Lunatic Asylum.

Yesterday the state lunatic asylum drew

\$15,833.82 from the state treasury as a month's

allowance for February for the sustenance of

the inmates.

The big check goes out each month to the

asylum directors to support the state's greatest

charitable institution, and yet it is hardly

enough to keep the asylum going.

The asylum is crowded now, and patients

are turned away almost every day.

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PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

*The Daily, per year..... \$ 6.00
The Sunday, per 36 Pages, 2.00
The Daily and Sunday, per year..... 8.00
The Weekly, per year (13 Pages), 1.00
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Address: CONSTITUTION BUILDING, Atlanta, Ga.

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Washington—Metropolitan Hotel.
Paris—Anglo-American reading rooms, Chausse-e-d'Antin and Rue Meyerbeer.*

ATLANTA, GA., February 26, 1892.

Drifting Towards Democracy.

The third party platform, adopted by a majority of the delegates to the St. Louis industrial conference, after they had resolved themselves into a mass meeting, should be studied and read between the lines.

This formal declaration of principles and measures, in order to be fully understood, must be viewed in the light of the past history of the two old parties. It is at once a revolt and an aspiration. Its real significance is encouraging, because the movement is away from republican plutocracy and in the direction of democracy.

The majority of these reformers belong to farmers' and other industrial organizations in the west and northwest, and in the past the republican party has claimed their allegiance. Slowly but surely they have drifted away from that party. Various causes have influenced them, but the force bill policy and the oppressive rule of monopoly and the money power are mainly responsible for the popular protest which has now assumed the shape of a third party.

Undoubtedly, the movement tends towards democracy, and when the fact is considered that these people are more violently prejudiced against the name of our party than they are against its principles, their action in organizing an independent party, instead of training under the democratic banner, will be readily understood. Their platform is full of genuine democracy, with the exception of a few matters of detail which have no business in a platform.

But it will be said that some of these independent alliances and representatives of other industrial orders have heretofore acted with the democrats. How is their new departure to be explained? The explanation is on the surface. The democrats who propose thus prematurely to go into the third party are under the impression that the eastern money power will control the national democracy, dictate its platform and name its leaders. To avoid such a calamity, there are a few apprehensive democrats who are getting ready to fight it in advance.

This is a fair statement of the situation, and we repeat that it is encouraging. With the facts before them, the democracy is practically put upon notice that its only chance to win is through the adoption of a platform favoring financial relief and tariff reform, and the nomination of a presidential candidate who is known to stand fairly and squarely on that platform.

This is just as it should be. No matter how offensive a shape the notice may come, it is well for the toiling masses of the country to thunder into the ears of our democratic leaders their determination not to submit to the domination and dictation of the money power. It will be suggested that this warning means that Cleveland should not be nominated. It means exactly that, and it means that if this protest is not heeded thousands of democrats will break ranks and flock over to the third party!

As we have said all along, the strength of the third party will depend upon the democrats themselves. If we submit to the control of the eastern plutocracy, the third party will be made a power in the land. On the other hand, if we stick to the principles and methods of Jeffersonian democracy, and support a platform and leaders pledged to the just reforms demanded by the masses, those who will otherwise look to the third party for relief will vote with us, and join us in celebrating a democratic victory!

Many Will Mourn Him.

The death of Dr. J. W. Rankin willadden many hearts throughout Georgia and beyond her borders.

Dr. Rankin was in the best sense of the phrase a model citizen. He was far-seeing, progressive and public spirited. In financial, commercial and industrial circles he was an energetic factor, and his active work and influence will be greatly missed.

Few men with his large interests and his busy life were so thoughtful of the welfare of others. One of his greatest pleasures was to help the poor, and he aided them in the best way possible, by establishing and conducting enterprises that would give them permanent employment.

Devoted to his friends, and affectionate to those who were bound to him by nearer and tenderer ties, he was loved by all who knew him.

The bright and admirable qualities of Dr. Rankin's head and heart have so impressed themselves upon this community that his death will be felt by every citizen as a personal loss. His bereaved family in their sad affliction will find the sympathy of all, and the dead man's memory will be lovingly

cherished by our people, especially here in Atlanta, in whose future he felt so much interest, and in whose upbuilding he bore so prominent a part.

Hon. Warner Miller's Visit.
Our business men will need no urging to induce them to turn out this afternoon at four o'clock to hear ex-Senator Warner Miller, of New York, at the Chamber of Commerce.

Mr. Miller is president of the Nicaragua canal company, and his speech will be explanatory and descriptive of this great waterway between the oceans, and its importance to the commercial world.

It is not his purpose to talk about subscriptions. He is returning from a visit to New Orleans, where he has been in consultation with leading business men upon matters connected with the canal. The enterprise promises so much for southern commerce that there is an eager desire on the part of our people to learn more about it. The speech of our distinguished visitor this afternoon, will afford the desired opportunity, and it will also enable our citizens to greet Mr. Miller with a cordial welcome to Atlanta.

Was it Larry Godkin?

Though Henry Clay was one of the most popular men of his time and has his place today among the great statesmen of the republic he did not escape the slang-whanglers.

At the height of his career he was pursued by abuse and slander, and made the target of cartoons.

In one instance, quoted in Stovall's "Life of Tombs," he was denounced as a murderer and a gambler. The language employed is familiar. The attack is in Larry Godkin's vein. The same vulgarity, recklessness and willful perversion of facts are to be found in the attacks on Henry Clay that we find in Godkin's attacks on Hill.

Was Larry engaged in business in those days, or is the resemblance simply that which is characteristic of blackguardism?

THE ROW which the goldbugs are trying to kick up in New York is not at all displeasing to democrats who understand the situation.

It is said that Jay Gould wants to snaffle up to Harrison. Very well. If there are any campaign funds in it, Mr. Harrison is ready to snaffle.

The South and Senator Hill.

From The Augusta Chronicle.

Let the intelligence of the south consider what has been accomplished by Senator Hill. Let not the men of the south be influenced by passion and inconsideration in their political action.

Such would incite nearly all that portion of California below the thirty-third degree and of Colorado below the thirty-fourth degree. It includes the towns of Nagles, Tombstone, Tucson, Wilcox, Benson, Gila Bend and Yuma in Arizona, and San Diego, Cal., besides the entire line of the Southern Pacific in Arizona. The United States would then have nearly all that portion of California below the thirty-third degree and of Colorado below the thirty-fourth degree. It includes the towns of Nagles, Tombstone, Tucson, Wilcox, Benson, Gila Bend and Yuma in Arizona, and San Diego, Cal., besides the entire line of the Southern Pacific in Arizona. The United States would then have nearly all that portion of California below the thirty-third degree and of Colorado below the thirty-fourth degree. It includes the towns of Nagles, Tombstone, Tucson, Wilcox, Benson, Gila Bend and Yuma in Arizona, and San Diego, Cal., besides the entire line of the Southern Pacific in Arizona. 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FUNERAL NOTICE

RANKIN.—The friends and acquaintances of Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Rankin, and Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Rankin, the former, at the residence, 201 Capitol Avenue, this afternoon, at 3 o'clock. The following gentlemen are requested to act as pallbearers, and they will please meet at the undertaking establishment of C. H. Swift this afternoon at 2 o'clock: E. P. Howell, William A. Loyless, Charles Eckford, S. M. Inman, F. E. Block, Henry Hiltner, Charles Martin, John Reid, Judge Dorsey and M. C. Kies.

DIED.

RANKIN.—Died, at his residence, No. 21 Capitol Avenue, Thursday, February 25th, Dr. Jesse W. Rankin.

MEETINGS.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Atlanta Ice Company will be held Saturday, February 26th, at 10 o'clock a.m., at the office of the company, to pass on arrangements for rebuilding the factory. J. W. Rankin, President, will be in charge.

Georgia Lodge No. 96, F. & A. M.—Attest called communication at Macon, Georgia, to lay claim of respect to our deceased brother, Gust. E. Lee, buried at Oakland cemetery. Past Master W. P. Parkhurst will officiate. Brethren of other lodges cordially invited to join with us. H. C. SPURGEON, senior Warden, R. M. Rose, Secy.

Attention, Horse Guards.

Every member is hereby commanded to appear at John J. Woodside's, 101 Peachtree Street, on Friday, Feb. 26th, at 2:30 p.m., to attend funeral of G. E. Lee. Dismounted white helmet, spike dress coat, pants, vest, belt, sabre and a pair of gloves. Fine attire for all.

John A. MILLER, Capt. Comdg. G. H. G., JOHN J. WOODSIDE, orderly Sergeant.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, February 25, 1892.

Atlanta Clearing Association Statement.

Clearings today 42,452.50

For 3 days 1,774,433.50

Notes—

New stocks were paid today, fluctuations remaining within 1 point range, most stocks, however, showing a slight advance.

It is probable that another small gold shipment will go out Saturday, but stocks will not be affected thereby.

Georgia railroad stock is quoted down because buyers are unwilling to pay more than 150 and holders are not willing to let go at a premium, resulting in a standstill.

For many years Georgia has usually always ruled highest in the spring months, and traders anticipating the demand, laid in a supply, but under the new order of things the future is not clear, and I do not hear of any one preparing for the usual spring trade in this state.

Inquiries for Southwestern, Central and Atlanta and West Point are infrequent, too, and it looks as though they would fall into a neglected state again.

In bonds there is but little doing, traders giving more attention to real estate, which, when prudently bought, yields quick and handsome profits to a rule.

Local Bond and Stock Quotations.

New York exchange buying at par, selling at \$1.00-\$2.00 premium.

The following are bid and asked quotations:

STATE AND CITY BONDS

New Gr. 5-8, 98 100 Atlanta, D. 112

New Gr. 5-8, 35 Atlanta, S. D. 109

New Gr. 5-8, 10 Atlanta, L. D. 108

1915 100

1895-96 111 Atlanta, D. L. D. 107

Georgia 75, 1886-90 104

Georgia 75, 1886-90 104

Georgia 75, 1886-90 104

Atlanta, S. 1902-121 103

Atlanta, S. 1892-1902 103

Atlanta, S. 1902-1902 103

ATLANTA BANK STOCKS

Atlanta Nat'l. 101 103 Georgia Pacific, 1st, 104

Atlanta Nat'l. 100 103 Georgia Pacific, 2d, 105

Atlanta Nat'l. 100 103 Georgia Pacific, 3d, 105

Atlanta Nat'l. 100 103 Georgia Pacific, 4d, 105

Atlanta Nat'l. 100 103 Georgia Pacific, 5d, 105

Atlanta Nat'l. 100 103 Georgia Pacific, 6d, 105

Atlanta Nat'l. 100 103 Georgia Pacific, 7d, 105

RAILROAD BONDS

Georgia 17, 180 103 Aug. & Sav. 113

Georgia 17, 180 103 Aug. & Sav. 113

Georgia 17, 180 103 Aug. & Sav. 113

Georgia 17, 180 103 Aug. & Sav. 113

Georgia 17, 180 103 Aug. & Sav. 113

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THE NEW YORK MARKET.

The Day on the Floor of the New York Stock Exchange.

Now the market was very little done in the stock market today, with trading almost entirely professional and no news of a character to influence prices in either way. The list, as a rule, was dull and listless, with small fluctuations and periods of stagnation. Traders paid special attention to Dillons for a time, and then, after the specialties, Lake Erie and Western was active, but only firm, while Iowa preferred stocks up 3% per cent on very limited dealings. The stock of Baltimore and Ohio, just admitted to dealings on the board, was trading at a price of 100, and after a sharp rise of 1% per cent to 102, just largely lost its momentum. Activity was seen in Reading, St. Paul, Northern Pacific, preferred and Louisville and Nashville of usually active lists, with an addition of New England, which proved to be on weak point in the market, dealing steadily throughout the day. The market was dull, and after a sharp rise of 1% per cent to 102, just largely lost its momentum. 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RICHARDSON, Cashier
Banking Co.
Total Profits, \$30,000.

Individuals
rate of 4 per cent per
5 per cent per annum
J. Carroll Payne, A. J.

JACOB HAAS, Cash
BANK,

\$100,000.
Commercial paper
United States
Bank of Exchange on Georgia
the accounts of individuals
who left 6 months ago
now div in 25

HES.
Whitehall Street.
CO.

airrooms

ND RAPIDS
The largest
complete stock
to this we will
CARLOADS
D RAPIDS.
ful in finish
at less than

DOLLAR.

as ever been
Cases, Chif-
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and Mantel

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& SON.

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prices on our bank con-
improvements will be
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skylights. The two
also be for lease. We
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Rucker.

CITY.
have very large and
parties. Deal largely
street, corner Mitchell
and upholstered. 12

Jewels, Diamonds
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y. "Phone 502. Office

street, wants 5,000
in retail quantities, as

Fruit Jars, Mackinaw
quarters for all we sell
S. Pryor street, opposite

rates, Gas and Electric
Steam and Gas fittings

Special cases will be
and bathing. Have
the Doctor Dunn
street, Atlanta, Ga.

AD TICKETS at an
os. Tickets bought on

Wholesale and retail.

and 64 S. Broad. Ele-
Give me a call and get

hall street. Special at-
tending presents. Ladies
bottom pieces. China

th Broad street. Hos-
utes of New Furni-
ngs, etc.

Plates and Numbers,
Stamp and Stencil

Jungs, Wirs Window
Elevator Eng-
Atlanta, Ga.

at \$2 per acre. 35 No.

Edgewood Avenue

In Sewing Machines
Paper Patterns. Fash-

machines of the very
machines 50 per cent lighter, 5
as. We challenge 200 m
Whitehall, Atlanta, Ga.

Illinois. The most iden-
tifiable. For partitions
wood Avenue and 13

a Monumental Work of
the Bios, Proprietors. 10

akes a specialty of small
spendid bargains.

A CHINESE PUZZLE

Which Was Filed in Clerk Tanner's Of-
fice Yesterday.

JUDGE TANNER'S FUNNY DILEMMA,

From Which He Was Extricated by an
Accommodating Oriental—Mr. Dan
Hall's Side of the Story.

Judge Henry Tanner, the affable clerk of
the superior court, had a puzzling document
before him yesterday.

It was a Chinese puzzle, and he was trying
to unravel it.

One by one the attaches of the clerk's office
stepped up and took a long look at the curious,
hieroglyphic writing on the strip of red paper,
and turned away, shaking their heads doubt-
fully. They had no solution to offer.

"Well," Judge Tanner said finally, "this is
the most novel suit that has ever been filed
in this court—a Chinese suit."

The judge and those around him laughed
heartily at the curious penmanship of the
oriental.

It was the ball trover proceeding sued out
by Chong Yick against Lee Jong, alias Lee
San Sing.

The suit had been filed in the clerk's office,
according to the usual mode of procedure.

It is the duty of the clerk of the superior
court to make a copy of every suit
that is filed in the office. For this purpose
two or three typewriters are employed
in the office.

Chong Yick's suit was no exception to the
rule. It had to be copied just like any other
suit.

The allegations were made in Mr. Will
Moore's good English—that was all right; it
was easily copied. But appended to the suit
was the document, the original, a formidable-
looking document in glaring Chinese charac-
ters. It was marked on blood-red paper, and
the hieroglyphics were blacker than charcoal—
it had to be copied, too.

Judge Tanner is ready for all kinds of emer-
gencies, but he hasn't a Chinese typewriter in
his employ.

It was an amusing dilemma, and the judge
might now be puzzling over that curious docu-
ment but for the help of Chong Yick.

"You canna write?" he queried, "megette
manne write."

He chuckled at his own cleverness, but he
was as good as his master. He brought in
one of his sons, his only child—a scholarly
young fellow, who quickly transcribed the formidable-looking legal paper
and turned it over to Judge Tanner with a
smooth face. This was then duly attached
to the extra copy kept in the clerk's office.

Lee Jong, alias Dan Hall, was arrested
Wednesday night, and spent the night behind
the bars of the county jail. Yesterday morning
he furnished bond and was released. But
that Chinese suit is still in the clerk's hands—
returnable to the fall term of the superior
court.

How is the court going to understand it?

Mr. Hall Talks.

There are two sides to every question. Mr.
Dan Hall, who was arrested under a ball
trover proceeding Wednesday afternoon, has a
strong defense to make.

Mr. Hall was in the employ of
Bendall, Harvey & Co. this year as a tobacco
salesman. The first of last year he made a
new contract with the firm to work during the
present year.

He had a claim for back salary which the
firm did not agree to—thought it was too
much. It appears that tobacco sold by Mr.
Hall had been returned by the purchasers, and
Bendall, Harvey & Co. did not want to pay
him the commission on the return. This caused a
disagreement, and Mr. Hall, upon advice of his attorney, sold a quantity of the tobacco, which had been returned to him,
to recover what he claimed was due him.

A ball trover action was begun by the firm
to recover the tobacco, and a part of it was
found by the sheriff.

Mr. Hall says: "The firm is indebted to
me, and I was advised to dispose of enough of
their assets in my hands to liquidate their
indebtedness to me on last year's work, and to
have a balance left which I have not got.
I can't get bond to produce what I have not
got. I came to jail because I would not give
a bond for the tobacco."

Mr. Hall brought suit against Bendall, Har-
vey & Co. last Saturday for \$3,500 for his sal-
ary for the present year.

It Was a Bad Wreck.

Bulger Tanner yesterday filed a suit against
the East Tennessee & Western, which came in
a terrible railroad wreck in graphic language.

Bulger Tanner was a brakeman on the East
Tennessee, and a few weeks ago he was sitting
at his place on top of a car, rolling rapidly to
ward the engine, when the long hour of 1
clock in the morning, when some were still
safe, the car ran into which that faithful
brakeman was tugging down—far down, to meet destruction at the bottom.
He was hurled violently against a bank
standing, as he alleges, terrible and perma-
nent, and suffered a fracture of the leg.
His attorney is Peter A. Scott.

Two Other Suits.

Lithia Berry brought suit yesterday against
the city of Atlanta. She wants \$1,000 dam-
ages which she claims was done to her lot on
West street by grading.

William White brought suit against the At-
lanta Consolidated Street Railway Company
for \$5,000 damages. He alleges that as he was
slighted from a streetcar, he was hit in the head
and was thrown to the ground, and his head
was broken. His attorney is Peter A. Scott.

Down to Work.

Solicitor Lewis Thomas is making
a most industrious city solicitor. His new
harness suits him well, and he has a most able
assistant in Captain E. F. Couch. Both are
busily preparing for the criminal branch of the
city, which will be opened Monday.

Accusations were yesterday sworn out
against the following persons, who will be tried
on Monday:

George Cullom, assault and battery, two
cases; George Grier and George Coursey, la-
ceny from the house, and John Kimbrough,
sime's larceny.

A Damage Verdict.

A verdict of \$600 damages was rendered in
favor of the plaintiff in the case of Hollifield
against Scott. It was a suit for damages sus-
tained by breach of contract.

The case of Thomas A. Butler vs. Abe Foot
is now on trial in the city court, and will prob-
ably be concluded today. Butler wants \$5,000
damages for injuries sustained while at work in
Mr. Foot's truck factory.

The Appearance Docket.

The appearance docket will be called in the
city court this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, by
Judge Van Eps.

Judge Tanner yesterday issued the follow-
ing notice to lawyers:

Judge Van Eps, in the city court, on Friday,
February 26, 1892, tomorrow, at 3:30 o'clock,
P. M., will have an appearance docket, that is the 433 cases standing
on the December term, 1891.

Cases not ready to be entered in default.
By order of the court. G. H. TANNER, Clerk.

The call will, no doubt, be largely attended
by the Atlanta bar.

Revenue Raiding in Habersham.

CLEVELAND, Ga., February 25.—(Special)—Rev-
erence Officer Henry Robinson captured a forty-
gallon still, destroyed 1,000 gallons of beer and
several gallons of blockade whisky in Habersham
county yesterday. He passed through Cleveland
with a prisoner, Henry Brown, colored, today.
The still was swum the back of his wagon, and
presented a specialty of small
spendid bargains.

PRESTON'S HEADACHE
cures any headache—nothing else.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

A Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.
Superior to every other known.
Used in Millions of Homes.

40 Years the Standard.
Delicious Cakes and Pastry, Light Flaky
Biscuit, Griddle Cakes, Palatable
and Wholesome.

No other baking powder does such work.

A GAY LOTHARIO.

An Ohio Man with a Decided Pernicious
for Matrimony.

HE HAS AN ATLANTA WIFE

Who Is Anxious to Know Something of
Two Other Wives Attached to
Her Husband.

A smooth deceiver has been located near
Atlanta, O.

An interesting future awaits him in the
criminal wing of court, and a fair young girl in
Atlanta is anxious for the first turn at the
prosecution. Then there are other places
wanting him—and wanting him badly.

His name is A. G. West, a young man
twenty-seven years of age, dark and decidedly
good looking.

In the summer of last year West went to
Macon and there opened an upholstering es-
tablishment. The business prospered and
West sailed along splendidly upon the com-
mercial sea in the Central City.

Early last November he met Miss Mamie
Walker, the seventeen-year-old daughter of
Mr. R. S. Walker. She was a petite brunnette,
a young lady who easily charmed the upholsterer
with her pretty face and pleasant
manners.

The attraction was mutual. It proved to be
a case of love at first sight. About the 1st of
December the family moved to Atlanta and
West followed them here. On the 7th of the
month, after just four weeks of wooing, he
was married to her.

The man of twenty-seven and the girl of
seventeen were married, and their matrimonial
life started out.

He had the Brightest Aspirations.

They moved into Scott street, near Spring.

West claimed to have come from Alabama,
and, giving an aunt's name and address, stated
that this had been his home. It conflicted
with his western manner and twang, but that
made him a more interesting character.

On December 23d, the young man informed
his bride that he was going to his Alabama
home for a short while, and that he wanted
her to go to Macon until his return. He saw
her safely aboard a Central train, and that was
the last time that Mrs. West ever saw her
husband.

She wrote to him, but there was no reply.

Worried over the matter, the young girl re-
turned to Atlanta and told her mother. Mrs.
Walker then wrote to the aunt, but there was
no one by the name given by West to answer
to her.

She wrote to him, but there was no reply.

The mother reported the matter a few days ago to
the detectives, and asked that no pains be
spared to locate her daughter's husband.

He had just left Chillicothe for Portsmouth.

A letter was sent to the chief of police there, asking for information. A reply
of a startling nature came back.

Two More Wives.

It stated that West had a wife living in
that city, whose maiden name was Cora
Denarvary. They had been married for more
than three years, and she sometimes accom-
panied him on his trips.

West was favorably known specialists

in the United States. Their long experience, re-
markable skill and universal success in the treat-
ment and cure of Nervous, Chronic Diseases,
Diseases of the Heart, Skin and other organs, give
confidence to the afflicted everywhere. They
guarantee.

A TRAIN AND POSITIVE CURE for the
awful effects of early vice and the numerous evils
of society.

PROFESSOR DÉBILITÉ AND SEXUAL
DISORDERS yield readily to their skillful treat-
ment.

HYDROCELE AND VARICOCELE perma-
nently and successfully cured in every case.

HYDROCELE AND VARICOCELE PERMA-
NENTLY AND SUCCESSFULLY CURED.

SPERMATOZOIDES, SPERMATOZOIDES, SPER-
MATOCYSTS, SPERMATOZOIDES, SPERMATOZOIDES.

WANTS HIS FATHER.

Young Willie Miller Left Penniless and Alone

TO WORK HIS WAY THROUGH COLLEGE.

His Father Left Him Twenty Years Ago. Kept Away by Designing Parties for Property It Is Thought.

Willie Miller is a bright young boy who is now working his way through the Young L. Harris Institute in Towns county.

By peculiar circumstances he has been left alone this world without money with which to educate himself, and without the assistance of a kind and generous father—although he has just such a father somewhere in the land of the living.

Thought to be a kind of mystery about the man in whom the boy's father has become separated from him, and a still greater mystery it is why he does not come back all these weary years that have passed, and are passing since the home was broken up.

Twelve years ago the man left a wife and two bright young boys in Forsyth, Ga. Since that time he has been heard from but once, and then it was through a letter that came from the great west. The letter was dated Jefferson, Ark., though his relatives think that it is very good reason for believing that the date was bogus, and that the letter itself was written much farther away beyond the Mississippi.

Now, that the oldest son, Willie, has grown almost to young manhood's estate, he realizes that some trickery has been played upon the family.

It writes THE CONSTITUTION the following letter which carries significance when read between the lines:

EDITOR CONSTITUTION—I want to find my father who, twelve years ago, left me, my mother and brother in Forsyth, Ga. Three years ago I had a letter from him, claiming to have been written from Jefferson, Ark., but one arm and is a stonemason by profession, and is about thirty-five to forty-five years of age.

I am convinced that our separation is due to some d—d signing scheming individual who hopes to secure property I am left to by prolonging our separation.

Any kindness through the press or individuals will be greatly appreciated by a poor boy.

WILLIE MILLER, Young Harris, Towns county, Georgia, care of College Hall.

With his mother and younger brother relying upon him for a living young Miller has had an up-and-down time since his father's departure, and although he claims to have the lawfulness to property sufficient to afford him and the family a very comfortable living, he thinks he is being cheated out of the enjoyment of it.

The story is an interesting one, as it is something quite removed from the usual cases of abduction. Any one who can throw light on the affair will confer a great favor on the boy.

"Thank you," is what Mrs. Fatsley, of Newburgh, N. Y., always says to Hoad's Sarsaparilla. It cured her of a severe case of scrofula and eczema, and she has reason to be grateful.

THE OLD, OLD STORY* TONIGHT.

Ward McAlister, the famous society leader of New York, declared that "The Old, Old Story" was a superior play to "The Charity Ball," when it was first brought out at the Lyceum theater last season. The play is a drama of social life, made law in society, and the play scored an instantaneous success at the Lyceum. "The Old, Old Story" handles society love and speculation in such an artistic and yet kindly manner that the audiences everywhere agree with Mr. McAlister that it is a superior drama. American society comedy dramas are produced. As produced by Sabel & Smiley's company of metropolitan favorites, it moves an audience to tears only to cause a hearty laugh, and it is a comedy throughout. The comedy element is nicely woven into an intensely dramatic plot.

The third act is a markedly strong one, the situation being a scene of brief scenes, in which the heroine, loving one man, promises to marry the lover of her girlhood to save him and her mother; and the man, in which her confession of love for a now come-of-age he-bred by the ruined man, who silently locks himself in his room and commits suicide. It is admirably done, and the audience is moved by the demand of the hour in serious drama—a union of society, everyday human nature, commonplace probability and dramatic effect.

Just a word about the company. In the cast are Miss Fannie McIntire, a metropolitan favorite, who has made a big hit as the leading lady in the piece; Isabella Martin, Dan Sabel, Stella Kenny, who appears in the original cast at the Lyceum theater, New York; E. A. Locke, Mrs. Nichols, of the Madison Square theater; Mrs. Bush, Mrs. May, Ralph Stuart and John Flood, who was a successful leading man for John Frohman.

"The Old, Old Story" will be seen this afternoon, evening, and matinee tomorrow afternoon at DeGivres' opera house.

NOTHING CAN BE WORSE for the stomach than strong purgatives and aperients. The genuine Carlbad Sprudel Salt is a natural, pleasant, aperient, laxative and cathartic. Be sure and secure only the genuine, which must have the signature of Eisner & Mendelson Co., Agents, New York, "on every bottle."

Will Meet Monday. The Trinity League Fenceman Legion will hold its first open meeting next Monday night. The invitations sent out by Miss Sudie Davis, the secretary, indicate a most interesting programme.

For any case of nervousness, sleeplessness, weak stomach, indigestion, dyspepsia, relief is sure in Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething rests the child and comforts the mother. Ho! Travier, take Peckham's T's in with you; charming and instructive, was the verdict of All.

Bill Avey's New Book. 250pp., striking illustrations, elegant binding, gilt lettering. All his best writings are in this book. Have you subscribed? You want to. The price is \$1.50, postpaid. Send the amount to The Constitution, 10 Gate City Bank, Marietta, Georgia.

Guarantees Company of North America and United States Guaranty Company.

If you are required to give a bond for the payment and faithful performance of your duty in a position of trust, you must either obtain two or more sureties from among your friends, or apply to a guarantee company. Write to Charles C. Thorn, Room 20, Old Capitol, now 11th floor, sun room.

SURVY OF EAGLES NEST

By John Esten Cooke.

This celebrated book has been out of print up to three years, and when new copies could be obtained sold recently for \$2.00. It has been placed in the remarkable low price of 40 cents, or will be sent for 50 cents to any address. For sale by John M. Miller, opera house block, Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

A fine collection of various Indian relics, shells from historic St. Augustine, confederate stamps and money, rare minerals, and many other curiosities, for only \$10. Will exchange for gun or books. F. H. Day, Everett Springs, Ga.

PERSONAL.

C. J. DANIE, wall paper, window shades, room molding and furniture. 40 Marietta St. Phone 777. I have a number of assortments of starching, engraving and water colors, and the finest assortments of picture frames in the state. Sam Walker, 10 Marietta St. Mail orders receive prompt attention.



SYMPTOMS OF LIVER DISEASE.

Loss of appetite; bad breath; bad taste in the mouth; tongue coated; pain under the shoulder-blade; in the back or side—often mistaken for rheumatism; sour stomach—especially after eating; pain in the liver; headache; bowels slow and constipated by tumor; restlessness, with sensation of having left something undone which ought to have been done; fullness after eating; bad temper; biting of the fingers; yellow appearance of skin and eyes; diarrhea, etc.

Not all, but always some of these indicate want of action of the Liver. For

A Safe, Reliable Remedy

that can do no harm and has never been known to fail to do good.

Take Simmons Liver Regulator

AN EFFECTUAL, SPECIFIC FOR

Malaria, Bowel Complaint.

Dyspepsia, Sick Headache,

Constipation, Biliousness,

Rheumatic Affections, Jaundice,

Mental Depression, Colic.

A PHYSICIAN'S OPINION.

"I have been practicing medicine for twenty years, and have been able to put up a vegetable compound that will cure the Liver Regulator, promptly and effectively move the Liver to action, and at the same time aid (instead of weaken) the digestive and assimilative powers of the body."

L. N. HINTON, M. D., Washington, Ark.

ONLY GENUINE

Has our Z Stamp in red on front of wrapper.

J. H. ZELLIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

PERFECTED CRYSTAL LENSES

TRADE MARK.

Quilly First and Always.

100% GUARANTEED

100% SATISFACTION

100% MONEY REFUNDED

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